8. Introduction to

"Diacylglycerol Kinase-\alpha phosphorylation by Src on Y₃₃₅ is required for activation, membrane recruitment and HGF induced cell motility"

by

Baldanzi G*, Cutrupi S*, Chianale F, Gnocchi VF, Loggia E, Notario M, Filigheddu N, van Blitterswijk WJ, Parolini O, Bussolino F, Sinigaglia F, and Graziani A.

<u>*equal contribution of the two Authors</u> submitted to Oncogene

In our laboratory it was previously demonstrated that HGF-, VEGF- and ALKinduced activation of Dgk α was mediated by Src kinase ^{19,18,20}. Moreover we showed that Dgk α is required for v-Src-induced MDCK cell scatter, beside the HGF-induced one, mainly contributing to Rac small GTPase activation. In the manuscript submitted to Oncogene, we analyze the molecular determinants of Dgk α which mediate its regulation by Src. We demonstrate that both HGF stimulation and Src transformation induce tyrosine phosphorylation of Dgk α on tyrosine 335, through a mechanism requiring the proline-rich C-terminal sequence of Dgk α . Both proline-rich sequence and phosphorylation of tyrosine 335 of Dgk α are shown to mediate its enzymatic activation, its ability to interact respectively with the SH3 and SH2 domains of Src and its recruitment to the plasma membrane. Finally, phosphorylation of Dgk α on tyrosine 335 is shown to be required for HGF-induced cell migration, while constitutive recruitment of Dgk α at the plasma membrane by myristoylation is sufficient to trigger spontaneous cell motility in absence of HGF.

Thus, we provide significant advances in the understanding of $Dgk\alpha$ regulation, highlighting the domains that in $Dgk\alpha$ are critical for the transduction of migratory signals triggered by tyrosine kinase receptors and oncogenic Src.